§ 352.3

from the Bureau of the Public Debt and designated Federal Reserve Banks.

[54 FR 40249, Sept. 29, 1989, as amended at 58 FR 60947, Nov. 18, 1993; 59 FR 10540, Mar. 4, 1994; 67 FR 79384, Dec. 24, 2002]

§352.3 Registration and issue.

- (a) Registration. Series HH bonds may be registered as set forth in subpart B of 31 CFR part 353, also published as Department of the Treasury Circular, Public Debt Series No. 3-80.
- (b) Validity of issue. A bond is validly issued when it is registered as provided 31 CFR part 353, also published as Department of the Treasury Circular, Public Debt Series No. 3-80, and bears an issue date and appropriate validation indicia.
- (c) Taxpayer identifying number. The inscription of a bond must include the taxpayer identifying number of the owner or first-named coowner. The taxpayer identifying number of the second-named coowner or beneficiary is not required but its inclusion is desirable.

[54 FR 40249, Sept. 29, 1989, as amended at 57 FR 14286, Apr. 17, 1992]

§ 352.4 Limitation on purchases.

Series HH bonds issued under the terms of this Circular are not subject to a purchase limitation.

§ 352.5 Authorized issuing and paying agents.

Series HH bonds may be issued or redeemed only by Federal Reserve Banks (see §352.13) and the Bureau of the Public Debt.

[54 FR 40249, Sept. 29, 1989, as amended at 59 FR 10540, Mar. 4, 1994]

§ 352.6 [Reserved]

§ 352.7 Issues on exchange.

(a) Securities eligible for exchange. Owners may exchange United States Savings Bonds of Series E and EE and United States Savings Notes (Freedom Shares) at their current redemption values for Series HH bonds. Series E bonds and savings notes remain eligible for exchange for a period of one year from the month in which they reached final maturity. Series EE bonds issued on January 1, 2003, or earlier, become

eligible for exchange six months after their issue dates. Series EE bonds issued on February 1, 2003, or thereafter, become eligible for exchange 12 months after their issue dates.

- (b) Basis for issue. Series HH bonds will be issued on exchange by an authorized issuing agent upon receipt of a properly executed exchange application with eligible securities, and additional cash, if any, and any supporting evidence that may be required under the regulations. If eligible securities are submitted directly to a Federal Reserve Bank referred to in §351.13, each must bear a properly signed and certified request for payment. Checks in payment of additional cash needed to complete a transaction (see paragraph (d) of this section) must be drawn to the order of the Federal Reserve Bank.
- (c) Role of financial institutions. Department of the Treasury Circular No. 750, current revision (31 CFR part 321), authorizes financial institutions qualified as paying agents for savings bonds and notes to redeem eligible securities presented for exchange and to forward an exchange application and full payment to a Federal Reserve Bank referred to in §351.13 for the issue of Series HH bonds. The securities redeemed on exchange by such an institution must be securities which it is authorized to redeem for cash.
- (d) Computation of issue price. The total current redemption value of the eligible securities submitted for exchange in any one transaction must be \$500 or more. If the current redemption value is an even multiple of \$500, Series HH bonds must be issued in that exact amount. If the current redemption value exceeds, but is not an even multiple of, \$500, the owner has the option either:
- (1) To add the cash necessary to bring the amount of the application to the next higher multiple of \$500, or
- (2) To receive a payment to reduce the amount of the application to the next lower multiple of \$500.
- (e) Registration. A Series HH bond issued on exchange may be registered in any form authorized in subpart B of Circular No. 3-80, subject to the following restrictions:
- (1) If the securities submitted for exchange are in single ownership form,

the owner must be named as owner or first-named coowner on the Series HH bonds. A coowner or beneficiary may be named.

(2) If the securities submitted for exchange are in coownership form, and one coowner is the "principal coowner", that person must be named as owner or first-named coowner on the Series HH bonds. A coowner or beneficiary may also be named. The "principal coowner" is the coowner who purchased the securities presented for exchange with his or her own funds, or received them as a gift, inheritance or legacy, or as a result of judicial proceedings, and had them reissued in coownership form, provided he or she has received no contribution in money or money's worth for designating the other coowner on the securities

(3) If the securities presented for exchange are in coownership form, and both coowners shared in their purchase or received them jointly as a gift, inheritance, or legacy or as a result of judicial proceedings, both persons must be named as coowners on the Series HH bonds.

(4) If the securities presented for exchange are in beneficiary form, the owner must be named on the Series HH bonds as owner or first-named coowner. If the owner is deceased, a surviving beneficiary must be named as owner or first-named coowner. In either case, a coowner or beneficiary may also be named.

(f) Issue date. Series HH bonds issued on exchange will be dated as of the first day of the month in which the eligible securities presented for exchange are redeemed by an authorized paying agent, as evidenced in the payment stamp on the securities and the exchange application.

(g) Tax-deferred exchanges. (1) Continuation of tax deferral. Pursuant to the provisions of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954, as amended, an owner who has not been reporting the interest on his or her Series E or EE bonds and savings notes on an accrual basis for Federal income tax purposes, and who exchanges those securities for Series HH bonds, may continue to defer reporting the interest on the securities exchanged until the taxable year in which the Series HH bonds received in

the exchange reach final maturity, are redeemed, or are otherwise disposed of, whichever is earlier. A reissue transaction that affects any of the persons required to be named on the Series HH bonds, as set forth in paragraph (e) of this section, may result in termination of the tax deferral privilege.

(2) Tax deferral legend. Each bond issued in a tax-deferred exchange shall bear a legend showing how much of its issue price represents interest on the securities exchanged. This interest must be treated as income for Federal income tax purposes and reported in accordance with paragraph (g)(1) of this section.

(3) Reporting of interest paid to owner. To the extent that it represents interest earned on the securities presented for exchange, an amount paid to an owner in accordance with paragraph (d) of this section is reportable as income for Federal income tax purposes for the year in which it is paid. Pursuant to 26 CFR 1.6049.4, a paying agent is required to report interest income of \$10 or more included in any amount paid in an exchange transaction to the payee and to the Internal Revenue Service on Form 1099-INT or an approved substitute. A separate report may be made for each exchange transaction in which interest in the amount of \$10 or more is paid, or all interest paid in both cash redemption and exchange transactions may be aggregated and reported annually should the total amount be \$10 or more.

(h) Exchanges without tax deferral. The rules prescribed for exchanges under paragraphs (a) through (f) of this section also apply to exchanges by owners who report the interest earned on their bonds of Series E and EE and savings notes annually for Federal income tax purposes, or elect to report all such interest that was not previously reported for the taxable year of the exchange. Series HH bonds issued in a nontax-deferred exchange shall show a "0" in the tax-deferral legend.

[54 FR 40249, Sept. 29, 1989, as amended at 59 FR 10540, Mar. 4, 1994; 68 FR 2667, Jan. 17, 2003; 68 FR 7427, Feb. 14, 2003]